### **Termination of Parental Rights Memo**

		V		
	Docket No	Dat	te of Trial	
	Petitioner's Attorne	۷		
	Mother's Attorney _			
	Father's Attorney			
	Guardian Ad Litem _			
<u>Pro</u>	cedural Posture:			
		be heard upon the Petitio on (date)		
An		by (Mother/Father) Optional: The parental right		
	r to this hearing on (d m on (date)	ate)	) The Court appoin	ted a Guardian ad

## Evidence Proffered and Received:

This case was heard upon the testimony of the parties and other witnesses:

For Petitioner(s)
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
For Respondent (Mother/Father)
1.

- 2.
- 3.
- 0.
- 4.
- 5.

This case was additionally heard upon the exhibits received into evidence:

1.	9.
2.	10.
3.	11.
4.	12.
5.	13.
6.	14.
7.	15.
8.	16.

#### Findings of Fact

Were the parents married:	How many children:	
Names/Ages:	······	
Date Petitioners obtained custody:	(DCS Placement/Order/Emergency)	
Length of time child(ren) have been in custody	of Petitioners:	

**Timeliness:** A hearing on a Petition for Termination of Parental Rights should be held *within six (6) months* after the date the petition is filed unless the court determines an extension is in the best interests of the child. The court shall enter its order *within thirty (30) days* of the conclusion of the hearing.

<u>Writing Requirements</u>: Whether or not requested, the court must produce a written order with findings of fact and conclusions of law regarding: (1) whether clear and convincing evidence exists as to each termination ground asserted; and (2) whether clear and convincing evidence established termination is in the child's best interest.

A trial court <u>cannot</u> make oral findings from the bench and later adopt them by reference in its final order.

## (Step 1) Grounds:

1. First, a trial court must determine whether any grounds have been established for the termination of parental rights by *clear and convincing evidence*. The termination grounds are set out in Tennessee Code Annotated section 36-1-113(g):

<ol> <li>Abandonment by the parent or guardian, as defined in § 36-1-102 (failure to support or failure to visit), has occurred;</li> </ol>	
2. There has been substantial noncompliance by the parent or guardian with	
the statement of responsibilities in a permanency plan pursuant to title 37,	
chapter 2, part 4;	
3. The child has been removed from the home of the parent or guardian by	
order of a court for a period of six (6) months (the six (6) months must	
accrue on or before the first date the termination of parental rights petition	
is set to be heard) and:	
i. The conditions that led to the child's removal still persist, preventing	
the child's safe return to the care of the parent or guardian, or other	
conditions exist that, in all reasonable probability, would cause the child	
to be subjected to further abuse or neglect, preventing the child's safe	
return to the care of the parent or guardian;	
ii. There is little likelihood that these conditions will be remedied at an	
early date so that the child can be safely returned to the parent or	
parents or the guardian or guardians in the near future; and	
iii. The continuation of the parent or guardian and child relationship	
greatly diminishes the child's chances of early integration into a safe,	
stable and permanent home;	
4. The parent or guardian has been found to have committed severe child	
abuse, as defined in § 37-1-102, under any prior order of a court or is found	
by the court hearing the petition to terminate parental rights or the petition	
for adoption to have committed severe child abuse against any child;	
5. The parent or guardian has been sentenced to more than two (2) years'	
imprisonment for conduct against the child who is the subject of the	
petition, or for conduct against any sibling or half-sibling of the child or any	
other child residing temporarily or permanently in the home of such parent	
or guardian, that has been found under any prior order of a court or that is	
found by the court hearing the petition to be severe child abuse, as defined	
in § 37-1-102. Unless otherwise stated, for purposes of this subdivision $(z)(z)$ "contained," shall not be constructed to mean that the moment of	
(g)(5), "sentenced" shall not be construed to mean that the parent or	
guardian must have actually served more than two (2) years in	
confinement, but shall only be construed to mean that the court had	
imposed a sentence of two (2) or more years upon the parent or guardian;	

6.	The parent has been confined in a correctional or detention facility of any type, by order of the court as a result of a criminal act, under a sentence of ten (10) or more years, and the child is under eight (8) years of age at the time the sentence is entered by the court;	
7.	<ul> <li>The parent has been:</li> <li>(A) Convicted of first degree or second degree murder of the child's other parent or legal guardian; or</li> <li>(B) Found civilly liable for the intentional and wrongful death of the child's other parent or legal guardian;</li> </ul>	
8.		
0.	(A) The chancery and circuit courts shall have jurisdiction in an adoption proceeding, and the chancery, circuit, and juvenile courts shall have jurisdiction in a separate, independent proceeding conducted prior to an adoption proceeding to determine if the parent or guardian is mentally incompetent to provide for the further care and supervision of the child, and to terminate that parent's or guardian's rights to the child;	
	<ul> <li>(B) The court may terminate the parental or guardianship rights of that person if it determines on the basis of clear and convincing evidence that: <ul> <li>(i) The parent or guardian of the child is incompetent to adequately provide for the further care and supervision of the child because the parent's or guardian's mental condition is presently so impaired and is so likely to remain so that it is unlikely that the parent or guardian will be able to assume or resume the care of and responsibility for the child in the near future; and</li> <li>(ii) That termination of parental or guardian rights is in the best interest of the child;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	(C) In the circumstances described under subdivisions (8)(A) and (B), no willfulness in the failure of the parent or guardian to establish the parent's or guardian's ability to care for the child need be shown to establish that the parental or guardianship rights should be terminated;	
9.	<ul> <li>(A) The parental rights of any person who, at the time of the filing of a petition to terminate the parental rights of such person, or if no such petition is filed, at the time of the filing of a petition to adopt a child, is the putative father of the child may also be terminated based upon any one (1) or more of the following additional grounds:</li> <li>(i) The person has failed, without good cause or excuse, to pay a reasonable share of prenatal, natal, and postnatal expenses involving the birth of the child in accordance with the person's financial means</li> </ul>	

<ul> <li>promptly upon the person's receipt of notice of the child's impending birth;</li> <li>(ii) The person has failed, without good cause or excuse, to make reasonable and consistent payments for the support of the child in accordance with the child support guidelines promulgated by the department pursuant to § 36-5-101;</li> <li>(iii) The person has failed to seek reasonable visitation with the child, and if visitation has been granted, has failed to visit altogether, or has engaged in only token visitation, as defined in § 36-1-102;</li> <li>(iv) The person has failed to manifest an ability and willingness to assume legal and physical custody of the child;</li> <li>(v) Placing custody of the child in the person's legal and physical custody would pose a risk of substantial harm to the physical or psychological welfare of the child; or</li> <li>(vi) The person has failed to file a petition to establish paternity of the child within thirty (30) days after notice of alleged paternity, or as required in § 36-1-117(c)(3);</li> <li>(B) (i) For purposes of this subdivision (g)(9), "notice" means the written statement to a person who is believed to be the biological father or possible biological father of the child. The notice may be made or given by the mother, the department, a licensed child-placing agency, the prospective adoptive parents, a physical custodian of the child, or the legal coursel of any of these people or entities; provided, that actual notice of alleged paternity may be proven to have been given to a person by any means and by any person or entity. The notice may be made or given by the mother, the department the alleged biological father is believed to be the biological father of</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>522, especially aggravated rape pursuant to § 39-13-534, or especially aggravated rape of a child pursuant to § 39-13-535, from which crime the child was conceived; A certified copy of the conviction suffices to prove this ground.</li> <li>11.         <ul> <li>(A) (i) The parent has been found to have committed severe child sexual</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>birth;</li> <li>(ii) The person has failed, without good cause or excuse, to the reasonable and consistent payments for the support of the chaccordance with the child support guidelines promulgated by department pursuant to § 36-5-101;</li> <li>(iii) The person has failed to seek reasonable visitation with the and if visitation has been granted, has failed to visit altogether, or engaged in only token visitation, as defined in § 36-1-102;</li> <li>(iv) The person has failed to manifest an ability and willingnet assume legal and physical custody of the child;</li> <li>(v) Placing custody of the child in the person's legal and physical custody of the child;</li> <li>(v) Placing custody of the child in the person's legal and physical custould pose a risk of substantial harm to the physical or psychold welfare of the child; or</li> <li>(vi) The person has failed to file a petition to establish paternity of \$ 36-1-117(c)(3);</li> <li>(B) (i) For purposes of this subdivision (g)(9), "notice" means the wind statement to a person who is believed to be the biological father of the child. The notice may be made or by the mother, the department, a licensed child-placing agency prospective adoptive parents, a physical custodian of the child, child, or legal counsel of any of these people or entities; provided, that a notice of alleged paternity may be proven to have been given person by any means and by any person or entity. The notice may and under actual notice of a petition to terminate the put father's parental rights with respect to the child;</li> <li>(ii) "Notice" also means the oral statement to an alleged biological father from a biological father of the child is conceived and, if not so may include actual notice of a petition to terminate the put father's parental rights with respect to the child;</li> <li>(ii) "Notice" also means the oral statement to an alleged biological father from a biological father of the child is conceived and, if not so may include actual notice of a petition to terminate the pu</li></ul>	make ild in y the child, or has ess to stody ogical of the or as suant ritten her or given y, the or the actual to a ay be oner, tative ogical her is d; 9-13-
(A) (i) The parent has been found to have committed severe child sexual	502, rape pursuant to § 39-13-503, or rape of a child pursuant to § 3 522, especially aggravated rape pursuant to § 39-13-534, or espe aggravated rape of a child pursuant to § 39-13-535, from which crim child was conceived; A certified copy of the conviction suffices to prov	9-13- cially e the
	(A) (i) The parent has been found to have committed severe child s	exual

(ii) For the purposes of this section, "severe child sexual abuse" means	
the parent is convicted of any of the following offenses towards a child:	
(a) Aggravated child abuse and aggravated child neglect or	
endangerment, pursuant to § 39-15-402;	
<ul><li>(b) Aggravated rape of a child, pursuant to § 39-13-531;</li></ul>	
<ul><li>(c) Aggravated rape, pursuant to § 39-13-502;</li></ul>	
<ul><li>(d) Aggravated sexual battery, pursuant to § 39-13-504;</li></ul>	
(e) Aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor, pursuant to § 39-17-	
1004;	
(f) Especially aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor, pursuant to	
§ 39-17-1005;	
(g) Incest, pursuant to § 39-15-302;	
<ul><li>(h) Promoting prostitution, pursuant to § 39-13-515;</li></ul>	
(i) Rape, pursuant to § 39-13-503;	
(j) Rape of a child, pursuant to § 39-13-522;	
(k) Sexual battery by an authority figure, pursuant to § 39-13-527;	
<ul><li>(I) Statutory rape by an authority figure, pursuant to § 39-13-532;</li></ul>	
(m) Trafficking for commercial sex, pursuant to § 39-13-309.	
12. The parent or guardian has been convicted of trafficking for commercial sex	
act under § 39-13-309, or a similar offense in another state;	
13. The parent or guardian has been convicted on or after July 1, 2015, of sex	
trafficking of children or by force, fraud, or coercion under 18 U.S.C. § 1591,	
or a sex trafficking of children offense under the laws of another state that	
is substantially similar to § 39-13-309; and	
14. A legal parent or guardian has failed to manifest, by act or omission, an	
ability and willingness to personally assume legal and physical custody or	
financial responsibility of the child, and placing the child in the person's	
legal and physical custody would pose a risk of substantial harm to the	
physical or psychological welfare of the child.	
15. The parent or legal guardian has been convicted of attempted first degree	
murder or attempted second degree murder of the child's other parent or	
legal guardian.	

# (Step 2) Best Interests:

2. Second, if the petitioner establishes a ground for termination, then the trial court must determine (and make a written finding) whether the best interest of the child will be served by the termination of parental rights by *clear and convincing evidence*. The (non-exclusive) best interest factors are set out in Tennessee Code Annotated section 36-1-113(i):

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	The effect a termination of parental rights will have on the child's critical need for stability and continuity of placement throughout the child's minority;	
В.	The effect a change in caretakers and physical environment is likely to have on the child's emotional, psychological and medical condition;	
C.	Whether the parent has demonstrated continuity and stability in meeting the child's basic material, educational, housing, and safety needs;	
D.	Whether the parent and child have a secure and healthy parental attachment, and if not, whether there is a reasonable expectation that the parent can create such attachment;	
E.	Whether the parent has maintained regular visitation or other contact with the child and used the visitation or other contact to cultivate a positive relationship with the child;	
F.	Whether the child is fearful of living in the parent's home;	
G.	Whether the parent, parent's home, or others in the parent's household trigger or exacerbate the child's experience of trauma or post-traumatic symptoms;	
H.	Whether the child has created a healthy parental attachment with another person or persons in the absence of the parent;	
I.	Whether the child has emotionally significant relationships with persons other than parents and caregivers, including biological or foster siblings, and the likely impact of various available outcomes on these relationships and the child's access to information about the child's heritage;	
J.	Whether the parent has demonstrated such a lasting adjustment of	

to ch in th by co su th fo	rcumstances, conduct, or conditions o make it safe and beneficial for the hild to be ion he home of the parent, acluding consideration of whether here is criminal activity in the home or y the parent, the use of alcohol, ontrolled substances, or controlled ubstance analogues which may render he parent unable to consistently care or the child in a safe and stable hanner;	
ac se as	/hether the parent has taken dvantage of available programs, ervices, or community resources to ssist in making a lasting adjustment of rcumstances, conduct or conditions;	
re in wl	/hether the department has made easonable efforts to assist the parent making a lasting adjustment in cases where the child is in the custody of the epartment;	
a pa of cii th	/hether the parent has demonstrated sense of urgency in establishing aternity of the child, seeking custody f the child, or addressing the rcumstance, conduct or conditions nat made an award of custody unsafe nd not in the child's best interest;	
N.W re of pr ps	/hether the parent, or other person esiding with or frequenting the home f the parent, has shown brutality or hysical, sexual, emotional or sychological abuse or neglect toward he child or another other child or adult;	
sa	/hether the parent has ever provided afe and stable care for the child or any ther child;	
ar sp	/hether the parent has demonstrated n understanding of the basic and pecific needs required for the child to prive;	
	/hether the parent has demonstrated ne ability and commitment to creating	

	and maintaining a home that meets the child's basic and specific needs and in which the child can thrive;	
R.	Whether the physical environment of the parent's home is healthy and safe for the child;	
S.	Whether the parent has consistently provided more than token financial support for the child; and	
T.	Whether the mental or emotional fitness of the parent would be detrimental to the child or prevent the parent from consistently and effectively providing safe and stable care and supervision of the child.	

#### Notes:

#### **Conclusion**

Based upon the termination factors enumerated in Tenn. Code Ann. § 36-1-113(g) and the best interest factors set forth in § 36-1-113(i), the Court finds (it is)/(it is not) in the best interest of the child(ren) for (Mother's)/(Father's) parental rights to be terminated and custody to be remain in the care of Petitioner(s).

The adoption of the child(ren) shall be determined at a hearing set

Court costs shall be paid by \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Attorney Fees are awarded to  $\Box$  \_\_\_\_\_\_ or  $\Box$  each pays their own.

Guardian ad Litem fees shall be paid: \_\_\_\_\_\_.