# A REVIEW OF THE CONFIGURATION OF TRIAL LEVEL JUDICIARY OF THE STATE OF TENNESSEE FROM 1978-2016.

complied by:

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# JUDICIAL CIRCUITS and CRIMINAL COURTS IN 19781

# CIRCUIT

# COUNTIES

Washington, Johnson, Carter, Unicoi
Cocke, Union, Sevier, Jefferson, Grainger, Hancock
Knox
Loudon, Roane
Clay, White, Overton, Putnam, Cumberland, Pickett
Hamilton
Part 1: Warren, DeKalb, Van Buren; Part 2 Coffee
Rutherford and Cannon
Montgomery, Sumner, Robertson
Davidson
Lawrence, Giles, Maury, Wayne
Madison, Chester and Henderson
Crockett, Gibson, Henry, Haywood
Obion, Weakley
Shelby
Fayette, Hardeman, Lauderdale, McNairy and Tipton
Williamson, Hickman, Perry and Lewis
Franklin, Meigs, Rhea, Sequatchie, Bledsoe, Marion and Grundy
Fentress, Campbell, Scott, Morgan and Claiborne
Sullivan, Greene, Hamblen, Hawkins
Dickson, Cheatham, Houston, Stewart, Humphreys
Carroll, Benton, Decatur, Hardin
Bedford, Marshall, Lincoln, Moore
McMinn, Monroe, Polk, Bradley (criminal only)
Jackson, Macon, Smith, Trousdale, Wilson
Sullivan at Blountville
Greene, Hawkins, Hamblen
Anderson (civil, criminal, and chancery division)
Bradley
Blount
Dyer, Lake

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Tenn. Code Ann. § 16-207 to 236. (Supp. 1978).

# **CHANCERY DIVISIONS IN THE 1978**<sup>2</sup>

#### DIVISION

**COUNTIES** 

1	Washington, Johnson, Carter, Unicoi, Sullivan
2	Loudon, Hawkins, Claiborne, Hancock, Campbell, Roane, Scott,
	Morgan
3	Hamilton
4	Overton, Clay, Pickett, Fentress, Jackson, Cumberland, DeKalb,
	White, Putnam
5	Marshall, Bedford, Moore, Lincoln
6	Robertson, Montgomery, Hickman, Stewart, Humphreys, Dickson,
	Cheatham, Houston
7	Davidson
8	Carroll, Henry, Henderson, Decatur, Benton
9	Part 1: Fayette, Hardeman, McNairy, Hardin, Chester; Part 2:
	Haywood, Lauderdale, Tipton, Crockett
10	Shelby
11	Knox
12	Rhea, McMinn, Warren, Bledsoe, Sequatchie, Marion, Van Buren,
	Bradley, Meigs, Polk, Grundy, Coffee, Monroe, Franklin
13	Cocke, Blount, Sevier, Jefferson
14	Madison
15	Greene, Hamblen, Grainger, Union
16	Obion, Lake, Weakley
17	Wilson, Sumner, Trousdale, Macon Smith

Special Chancery division within the 11<sup>th</sup> circuit: Giles, Lawrence, Maury and Wayne Special Chancery division within the 17<sup>th</sup> circuit: Williamson, Perry, Lewis Law and Equity Court of Dyer County

Law and Equity Court of Gibson County

Law and Equity Court of Montgomery County

Rutherford and Cannon Chancellor in the 8th Circuit

Anderson (civil, criminal, and chancery division) in 28th Circuit

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Tenn. Code Ann. § 16-237to 255. (Supp. 1978).

# **CIRCUIT and CRIMINAL CIRCUITS IN 1980<sup>3</sup>**

# CIRCUIT NUMBER

# COUNTIES

1	Washington, Johnson, Carter, Unicoi
2	Cocke, Union, Sevier, Jefferson, Grainger, Hancock
3	Knox
4	Loudon, Roane
5	Clay, White, Overton, Putnam, Pickett, Cumberland
6	Hamilton
7	Warren, Dekalb, Van Buren, Coffee
8	Rutherford, Cannon
9	Montgomery, Sumner, Robertson
10	Davidson
11	Lawrence, Giles, Maury, Wayne
12	Madison, Chester, Henderson
13	Crockett, Gibson, Haywood, Henry
14	Obion, Weakley
15	Shelby
16	Fayette, Hardeman, Lauderdale, McNairy, Tipton
17	Williamson, Hickman, Perry, Lewis
18	Franklin, Meigs, Rhea, Sequatchie, Bledsoe, Marion,
	Grundy
19	Campbell, Morgan, Scott, Claiborne, Fentress
20	Sullivan, Greene, Hamblen, Hawkins
21	Dickson, Cheatham, Houston, Stewart, Humphreys
22	Carroll, Benton, Decatur, Hardin
23	Bedford, Marshall, Lincoln, Moore
24	McMinn, Monroe, Polk, Bradley
25	Jackson, Macon, Smith, Trousdale, Wilson
26	Sullivan at Blountville
27	Greene, Hawkins, Hamblen
28	Anderson
29	Bradley
30	Blount
31	Dyer, Lake

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Tenn. Code Ann. §§ 16-2-201 to 231 (1980)

# **CHANCERY DIVISIONS IN 1980**

#### **DIVISION NUMBER**

## **COUNTIES**<sup>4</sup>

1	Carter, Johnson, Unicoi, Washington, Sullivan
2	Loudon, Union, Claiborne, Hancock, Campbell, Roane, Scott,
	Morgan
3	Hamilton
4	Overton, Clay, Pickett, Fentress, Jackson, Cumberland,
	DeKalb, White Putnam
5	Marshall, Bedford, Moore, Lincoln
6 ′	Robertson, Montgomerty, Hickman, Stewart, Humphreys, Dickson,
	Cheatham, Houston
7	Davidson
8	Carroll, Henry, Henderson, Decatur, Benton
9 Fayette, Hardeman, McNairy, Hardin, Chester, Haywoo	
	Lauderdale, Tipton, Crockett
10	Shelby
11	Knox
12	Rhea, McMinn, Warren, Bledsoe, Sequatchie, Marion, Van Buren,
	Bradley, Meigs, Polk, Grundy, Coffee, Monroe, Franklin
13	Cocke, Blount, Sevier, Jefferson
14	Madison
15	Greene, Hamblen, Grainger, Hawkins
16	Obion, Lake, Weakley
17	Wilson, Sumner, Trousdale, Macon, Smith
Division in 11 <sup>th</sup> circuit	Giles, Lawrence, Maury, Wayne <sup>5</sup>
Division in 17 <sup>th</sup> circuit	Williamson, Perry, Lewis <sup>6</sup>
Law and Equity Court	Dyer
Law and Equity Court	Gibson
Law and Chancery Court	Rutherford, Cannon <sup>7</sup>
Civil, Criminal, Chancery	Anderson <sup>8</sup>

- <sup>4</sup> Tenn. Code Ann. § 16-2-301-317 (1980)
- <sup>5</sup> Tenn. Code Ann. § 16-2-401(1980)
- <sup>6</sup> Tenn. Code Ann. § 16-2-402(1980)
- <sup>7</sup>Tenn. Code Ann. § 16-2-208 (1980)
- <sup>8</sup>Tenn. Code Ann. § 16-2-228(1980)

# WHAT DID THE MAP OF THE TRAIL LEVEL JUDICIARY LOOK LIKE ON SEPTEMBER 1, 1984?

# DISTRICTS AFTER SEPTEMBER 1, 1984<sup>9</sup>

# DISTRICT NUMBER

# COUNTIES

1	Carter, Johnson, Unicoi, Washington
2	Sullivan
3	Green, Hamblen, Hancock, Hawkins
4	Cocke, Grainger, Jefferson, Sevier
5	Blount
6	Knox
7	Anderson
8	Campbell, Claiborne, Fentress, Scott, Union
9	Loudon, Meigs, Morgan, Roane
10	Bradley, McMinn, Monroe, Polk
11	Hamilton
12	Bledsoe, Franklin, Grundy, Marion, Rhea,
	Sequatchie
13	Clay, Cumberland, DeKalb, Overton, Pickett,
	Putnam, White, Jackson
14	Coffee
15	Jackson, Macon, Smith, Trousdale, Wilson
16	Cannon, Rutherford
17	Bedford, Lincoln, Marshall, Moore
18	Sumner
19	Montgomery, Robertson
20	Davidson
21	Williamson, Hickman, Perry, Lewis
22	Lawrence, Giles, Maury, Wayne
23	Dickson, Cheatham, Houston, Stewart, Humphreys
24	Carroll, Benton, Decatur, Hardin, Henry
25	Fayette, Hardeman, Lauderdale, McNairy, Tipton
26	Madison, Chester, Henderson
27	Obion, Weakley
28	Crockett, Gibson, Haywood
29	Dyer, Lake
30	Shelby
31	Warren, Van Buren

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Tenn. Code Ann. § 16-2-506(Supp. 1984)

#### HOW DID THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT BOUNDARIES THAT WENT INTO EFFECT ON SEPTEMBER 1, 1984, DIFFER FROM THE JUDICIAL CIRCUIT BOUNDARIES THAT EXISTED ON AUGUST 31, 1984?

Surprisingly, the answer is very little. The combination of counties that made up the judicial districts that when into effect on September 1, 1984, are almost identical to the combination of counties that made up the judicial circuits in 1980. In fact, the **ONLY** counties that were moved from one combination of counties that made up a judicial circuit to another combination of counties that became a judicial district were:

#### 1: Bradley County (sort of):

In 1980 the criminal court for Bradley County was in the 24<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit with McMinn, Monroe and Polk counties, and the circuit court for Bradley County was the 29<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit. On September 1, 1984, Bradley County became a part of the 10<sup>th</sup> Judicial District with McMinn, Monroe and Polk, which it was already of part of in 1980.

#### 2. Meigs County:

In 1980 Meigs County was part of the 18<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit with Franklin, Rhea, Sequatchie, Bledsoe, Marion, and Grundy counties. On September 1, 1984, Meigs County became part of the 9<sup>th</sup> Judicial District with Loudon, Morgan, and Roane counties.

#### 3. Morgan County:

In 1980 Morgan County was part of the 19<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit with Campbell, Morgan, Scott, Claiborne, and Fentress counties. On September 1, 1984, Morgan County became part of the 9<sup>th</sup> Judicial District with Loudon, Meigs, and Roane counties.

#### 4. Roane and Loudon counties:

In 1980 Roane and Loudon counties were the 4<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit. On September 1, 1984, they became part of the 9<sup>th</sup> Judicial District with Meigs and Morgan counties.

#### 5. Union County:

In 1980 Union county was part of the 2<sup>nd</sup> judicial circuit with Cocke, Sevier, Jefferson, Grainger, and Hancock counties. On September 1, 1984, Union County became part of the 8<sup>th</sup> Judicial District with Campbell, Claiborne, Fentress, and Scott counties.

#### 6. Hancock County:

In 1980 Hancock County was part of the 2<sup>nd</sup> judicial circuit with Cocke, Sevier, Jefferson, Grainger, and Union Counties. On September 1, 1984, Hancock County became part of the 3<sup>rd</sup> Judicial District with Green, Hamblen, and Hawkins counties.

#### 7. Sullivan County: (sort of. It finally became exclusively a single county judicial district)

In 1980 the circuit court of Sullivan County was part of the 20<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit with Greene, Hamblen, Hawkins. In 1980 the criminal court of Sullivan County at Blountville was the 26<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit. On September 1, 1984, Sullivan County became the 2<sup>nd</sup> Judicial district.

#### 8. Jackson County:

In 1980 Jackson County was part the 25<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit with Macon, Smith, Trousdale, and Wilson counties. On September 1, 1984, Jackson County became part of the 13<sup>th</sup> Judicial District with Clay, Cumberland, DeKalb, Overton, Pickett, Putnam, and White counties.

#### 9. DeKalb County:

In 1980 Dekalb County was part of the 7<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit with Coffee, Warren, and Van Buren counties. On September 1, 1984, Dekalb County became part of the 13<sup>th</sup> Judicial District with Clay, Cumberland, Jackson, Overton, Pickett, Putnam, and White counties.

#### 10. Coffee County: (became a single county judicial district)

Coffee County was part of the 7<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit with DeKalb, Warren, and Van Buren counties. On September 1, 1984, Coffee County became the 14<sup>th</sup> Judicial District.

#### 11. Warren and Van Buren Counties:

Warren and Van Buren counties were part of the part 7<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit with DeKalb and Coffee. In 1985, Warren and Van Buren Counties became the 31<sup>st</sup> Judicial District.

#### 12. Sumner County: (became a single county judicial district)

In 1980 Sumner County was part of the 9<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit with Montgomery and Robertson counties. On September 1, 1984, Sumner County became the 18<sup>th</sup> Judicial District.

#### 13. Henry County:

In 1980 Henry County was part of the 13<sup>th</sup> judicial circuit with Crockett, Gibson, and Haywood counties. On September 1, 1984, Henry County became part of the 24<sup>th</sup> Judicial District with Carroll, Benton, Decatur, and Hardin counties.

## HOW DID THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT BOUNDARIES THAT WENT INTO EFFECT ON SEPTEMBER 1, 1984, DIFFER FROM THE CHANCERY DIVISIONS, SPECIAL CHANCERY DIVISIONS, LAW & CHANCERY AND LAW & EQUITY COURT BOUNDARIES THAT EXISTED IN 1980?

The combination of counties that made up the judicial districts that when into effect on September 1, 1984, are almost identical to the combination of counties that made up the 1980 judicial circuits. On September 1, 1984, the overlapping that existed between the judicial circuits and the 17 Chancery Divisions, the 2 Special Chancery Divisions, the 1 Law & Chancery Court, the 1 Civil, Criminal & Chancery Court and the 2 Law & Equity Courts mostly disappeared with the creation of the Judicial Districts. In fact, the chancery divisions practically disappeared and were absorbed into what was the judicial circuit structure that existed in 1980. The only vestige of the combination of counties that made up a Chancery Division, Special Chancery Division, Law & Chancery Court, Civil, Criminal & Chancery Court and or Law & Equity Court in 1980 that survived post-September 1, 1984, were those combination of counties that also made up a judicial circuit. Those combination of counties were:

1. **Knox County**: Was the 11<sup>th</sup> Chancery Division, the 3 Judicial Circuit, and it became the 6<sup>th</sup> Judicial District.

2 **Anderson County**: Had the Civil, Criminal & Chancery Court and it was in the 28<sup>th</sup> Judicial Circuit. It became the 7<sup>th</sup> Judicial District.

3 **Hamilton County**: Was the 3<sup>rd</sup> Chancery Division, the 6th Judicial Circuit, and it became the 11<sup>th</sup> Judicial District.

4 **Rutherford and Cannon Counties**: Had the Law & Chancery Court, they were the 8<sup>th</sup> Judicial Circuit, and those counties became the 16<sup>th</sup> Judicial District.

5 **Davidson County**: Was the 7<sup>th</sup> Chancery Division, the 10<sup>th</sup> Judicial Circuit, and it became the 20<sup>th</sup> Judicial District.

6 **Bedford, Lincoln, Marshall, and Moore counties**: Were the 5<sup>th</sup> Chancery Division, the 23<sup>rd</sup> Judicial Circuit, and those counties became the 17<sup>th</sup> Judicial District.

**Giles, Lawrence, Maury, and Wayne**: Were the 11<sup>th</sup> Judicial Circuit and they were a Special Chancery Division within that Judicial Circuit. Those counties became the 23<sup>rd</sup> Judicial District.

8 **Shelby County**: Was the 10<sup>th</sup> Chancery Division, the 15<sup>th</sup> Judicial Circuit, and it became the 30<sup>th</sup> Judicial District.