## IN THE COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS OF TENNESSEE

## AT KNOXVILLE

## MAY 1998 SESSION



June 26, 1998

Cecil Crowson, Jr.
Appellate Court Clerk

RONALD L. JONES,	Appellate Court Cle
Appellant,	) No. 03C01-9710-CR-00428
v. STATE OF TENNESSEE, Appellee.	) Hamilton County ) Honorable Rebecca J. Stern, Judge ) (Post-Conviction) )
For the Appellant:	For the Appellee:
Alan R. Beard 601 Chattanooga Bank Building 615 Lindsey Street Chattanooga, TN 37402	John Knox Walkup Attorney General of Tennessee and Clinton J. Morgan Assistant Attorney General of Tennessee 425 Fifth Avenue North Nashville, TN 37243-0493  William H. Cox, III District Attorney General and David Denny Assistant District Attorney General 600 Market Street, Suite 310 Chattanooga, TN 37402
OPINION FILED:	
AFFIRMED	
Joseph M. Tipton Judge	

## **OPINION**

The petitioner, Ronald L. Jones, appeals as of right from the Hamilton County Criminal Court's summary dismissal of his <u>pro se</u> petition for post-conviction relief<sup>1</sup> on the ground that it was barred by the statute of limitations. The petitioner contends that the petition was timely filed under the 1995 Post-Conviction Procedure Act. He argues that the application of the statute of limitations violates his due process rights because he was unaware of developments in Tennessee law because he was incarcerated in a federal prison in Kansas. We affirm the judgment of the trial court.

The petitioner collaterally challenges convictions he received in 1984, 1986, 1989 and 1990 as a result of guilty pleas. The convictions were used to enhance the defendant's sentence for a conviction of a federal offense. The petitioner filed his petition on December 30, 1996.

Under the post-conviction law applicable at the times of his convictions, the petitioner had three years to file a post-conviction petition from the date of the final action of the highest state appellate court to which an appeal was taken. T.C.A. § 40-30-102 (1990). The petition was not filed within that period. Also, the 1995 Post-Conviction Act did not reinstate a filing period for which the former three-year post-conviction statute of limitations had already run. Carter v. State, 952 S.W.2d 417, 420 (Tenn. 1997). The petitioner's claim that he was ignorant of the law does not excuse his late filing of the petition. See Brown v. State, 928 S.W.2d 453, 456 (Tenn. 1996) ("Ignorance of statute of limitations is not an excuse for late filing, even when the petitioner claims that he did not learn of the statute's enactment because he was incarcerated in another state.").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The petition is titled a "MOTION TO CHALLENGE THE VALIDITY OF PRIOR STATE CONVICTIONS." The trial court properly treated the petition as one for post-conviction relief.

in consideration of the	e loregoing and the record as a whole, we animit to
judgment of the trial court.	
	Joseph M. Tipton, Judge
CONCUR:	
Joe G. Riley, Judge	_
Curwood Witt, Judge	_