## IN THE COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS OF TENNESSEE

## AT JACKSON

## JANUARY 1998 SESSION

LEWIS ANDERSON,	)
APPELLANT, v. STATE OF TENNESSEE, APPELLEE.	No. 02-C-01-9702-CR-00078  Shelby County  Fred W. Axley, Judge  (Post-Conviction Relief)
FOR THE APPELLANT:	FOR THE APPELLEE:
Pamela Drewery Attorney At Law 1008 West Forest Jackson, TN 38301	John Knox Walkup Attorney General & Reporter 500 Charlotte Avenue Nashville, TN 37243-0497  Clinton J. Morgan Counsel for the State Cordell Hull Building, Second Floor 425 Fifth Avenue, North Nashville, TN 37243-0493  William L. Gibbons District Attorney General 201 Poplar Avenue, Suite 3-01 Memphis, TN 38103  Rhea Cliff Assistant District Attorney General 201 Poplar Avenue, Suite 3-01 Memphis, TN 38103
OPINION FILED:	

APPEAL DISMISSED

Joe B. Jones, Presiding Judge

## OPINION

The appellant, Lewis Anderson (petitioner), appeals as of right from a judgment of the trial court summarily dismissing his second action for post-conviction relief. The trial court found that the petitioner's action was barred by the statute of limitations. The petitioner contends in this court that the trial court committed error by dismissing his initial action without an evidentiary hearing. After a thorough review of the record, the briefs submitted by the parties, and the law governing the issue presented for review, it is the opinion of this court that the appeal of the petitioner must be dismissed. Since the petitioner was convicted following the effective date of the Post-Conviction Procedure Act legislation in 1995, he is limited to one action for post-conviction relief. Consequently, he was not entitled to maintain this action. Moreover, this court cannot grant the petitioner appellate relief in an action he is not permitted to maintain. The trial court should have dismissed the action on this ground -- not the statute of limitations.

The petitioner entered guilty pleas to two counts of second degree murder. He was sentenced to serve forty (40) years in the Department of Correction as a Range II multiple offender for each offense. The judgment in each case was entered on June 23, 1995. He filed his first action for post-conviction relief on April 18, 1996. An order was entered on May 16, 1996, summarily dismissing the action. This, the second action, was commenced on December 9, 1996. The trial court entered an order on January 10, 1997 dismissing this action on the ground it was barred by the statute of limitations.

The petitioner may not resurrect the first petition through this action. He made no effort to appeal the first action after it was summarily dismissed. Thus, the judgment became final thirty days after the entry of the judgment.

The petitioner admits he entered the guilty pleas after May 10, 1995, the effective date of the 1995 revisions to the Post-Conviction Procedure Act. As a result, the petitioner was entitled to maintain only one post-conviction action. Tenn. Code Ann. § 40-30-202(c). Therefore, he was not entitled to file this second action. Once the judgment in the first action became final, the petitioner's remedy was to file a motion to reopen the first action. Tenn. Code Ann. § 40-30-217.

ii we consider the petition in the	present action a motion to reopen, the petition does
not state sufficient grounds to support	any of the reasons which justify the reopening of a
prior post-conviction action.	
	JOE B. JONES, PRESIDING JUDGE
CONCUR:	
PAUL G. SUMMERS, JUDGE	<del></del>
DAVID G. HAYES, JUDGE	